

# syngenta<sub>®</sub>

**GROUP** 

HERBICIDE

Product rea. no: PCS No: 06547 UFI: V1RK-XD99-1000-V0CK

A suspension concentrate containing 100 g/l (9.1% w/w) mesotrione

A foliar applied herbicide for the selective control of annual broad-leaved weeds in forage and grain maize.

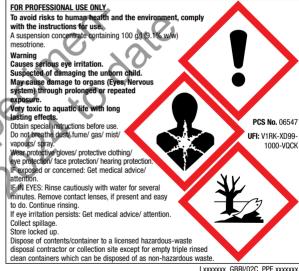
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In case of toxic or transport emergency ring +44 (0)1484 538444 any time.

SHAKE WELL BEFORE LISE PROTECT FROM FROST

C Syngenta AG 2024

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# 5 litres

#### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

## (a) Operator protection

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES AND FACE PROTECTION (FACESHIELD) when handling the concentrate.

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES when handling contaminated surfaces.

WHEN USING DO NOT EAT, DRINK OR SMOKE.

WASH SPLASHES from skin immediately.

WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before meals and after work.

## (b) Environmental protection

To protect non-target plants, respect an unsprayed buffer zone of 5m to non-agricultural land unless using 90% drift reducing nozzles.

To protect aquatic organisms respect an unsprayed buffer zone of 5m to surface water bodies. Direct spray away from water.

Do not contaminate water with the product or it's container. Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads.

## (c) Storage and disposal

RINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY by using an integrated pressure rinsing device or manually rinsing three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling and dispose of safely. KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, tightly closed, in a safe place.

EMPTY CONTAINER COMPLETELY, and dispose of safely.

## IMPORTANT INFORMATION

FOR USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL HERBICIDE.

For use on: Forage maize and grain maize.

Maximum individual dose: 0.75 litres per hectare.

Maximum number of treatments: One per crop. Latest time of application: Eight leaf stage.

## Other specific restrictions:

Product may only be used from 2 leaves unfolded stage (GS 12).

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE. FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTICE FOR USING PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS.

This leaflet is part of the approved Product Label.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be carefully read in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

## GENERAL INFORMATION

CALLISTO contains mesotrione a foliar applied herbicide for selective control of annual broad-leaved weeds. The activity of CALLISTO is mostly by foliar uptake and to some extent by soil uptake, CALLISTO is rapidly absorbed through the leaves and moves to the growing point.

#### Crops

For use only as a herbicide for the control of weeds in forage and grain maize. DO NOT USE on forage and grain maize seed crops or on sweet corn varieties.

## Spray timing

Always inspect crop and weed growth stage immediately before spraying. For the best results treat young weed seedlings. See weed control tables for application details.

## CONDITIONS FOR USE

## Crops

Forage and grain maize may be sprayed any time from the two to eight leaf stage.

## Weather

For the best results CALLISTO should be applied when the weeds are actively growing i.e. in warm humid weather with adequate soil moisture. Treatment in poor growing conditions or in dry soil may give less reliable control.

Do not spray when weed or crop foliage is wet.

## AGRICULTURAL PRACTICE

It is not recommended to spray crops suffering stress e.g. when in very cold or drought conditions, or when wide temperature fluctuations are expected or excessive rainfall is expected to follow application. Under these adverse conditions mild to moderate chlorosis may be observed on sprayed leaves. This effect is usually transient and does not affect yield. Take extreme care to avoid drift onto dicotyledonous plants outside the target area.

Take extreme care to avoid drift onto all crops outside the target area, otherwise crop damage will result. Ensure that spray swaths are matched accurately and do not overlap.

## RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

CALLISTO is a 4-HPPD inhibitor, disrupting development of plant pigments which are essential for photosynthesis. This inhibition causes leaf chlorosis and eventual death of sensitive weed species. It's mode of action is different from other herbicide groups, and there is no known cross resistance in weeds which exhibit reduced sensitivity to other herbicides. Weed control may be reduced if strains of individual species less sensitive to CALLISTO develop.

The use of CALLISTO in programmes or tank mixtures with a broad-leaved herbicide possessing a different mode of action will reduce the likelihood of resistance developing in broad-leaved weeds e.g. Fat hen, Black nightshade, Common amaranth. At the present time there is no similar mode of action in herbicides for crops other than maize and therefore crop rotation will also delay the onset of any resistance. Where continuous maize is grown the use of CALLISTO for more than two seasons should be avoided.

## WEED CONTROL - RATE OF USE

CALLISTO contains an adjuvant system and the addition of an adjuvant or a tank mix wetting agent is not recommended.

The recommended dose rate is 0.75 litres per hectare.

Annual Broad-Leaved Weeds Fat hen Black nightshade Common amaranth Redshank Common chickweed Oilseed rape volunteers Charlock Field nansy	Dose rate I/ha 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75	Weed growth stage Emergence to 12 leaves (or 20 cm) Emergence to 10 leaves (or 15 cm) Emergence to 8 leaves (or 10 cm) Emergence to 6 leaves (or 10 cm) Emergence to 10 cm diameter Emergence to 6 leaves Emergence to 6 leaves
Field pansy	0.75	Emergence to 6 leaves

## Application

Good spray cover is essential and care should be taken to ensure that the sprayer has a matched set of nozzles, the machine is correctly calibrated and adjusted to the correct height above the crop.

Apply using a medium quality spray (BCPC) at a pressure of at least 2 bar. Apply through conventional crop spraying equipment.

## Preparation of the spray

## Shake the CALLISTO container before opening.

Half-fill the spray tank with clean water, and the required amount of CALLISTO and agitate while filling the tank. On emptying the container, RINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY by using an integrated pressure rinsing device or manually rinsing three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling and dispose of container safely. Continue agitation during spraying.

## Volume of water

Even cover of the weeds is essential.

Use in a recomended 200 to 300 litres (maximum) of water per hectare. **The lower rate is preferable** but the higher volume may be necessary where there are dense or well developed weed populations.

#### Application methods

Apply through a conventional field crop sprayer using a pressure of 2-3 bars. Ensure the sprayer is correctly calibrated before use.

Do not leave spray liquid in the sprayer for long periods (i.e. overnight).

## After Use

It is important to wash equipment thoroughly after use to remove all traces of CALLISTO as even small amounts may cause damage to crops. Rinse inside of tank with clean water using at least one tenth of the spray tank volume. After flushing through pump and spray lines, drain and repeat procedure.

Disposal of spray tank washings should be in accordance with local, state or national legislation.

# FOLLOWING CROPS AND RECULTIVATION Recultivation

Ploughing is recommended prior to reseeding. Some slight crop effects may be seen soon after emergence, but these are usually transitory in nature. Forage and grain maize can be re-seeded immediately in case of crop failure.

#### **Rotational crops**

#### Autumn

Winter wheat (including durum wheat), winter barley and rye grass can follow a maize crop treated with CALLISTO.

Deep ploughing (greater than 15cm) followed by cultivation is necessary before drilling oilseed rape.

#### Spring

Forage and grain maize, ryegrass, spring wheat and spring barley may be sown in the spring following application of CALLISTO, do not sow any other crop at this time. PROTECT CALLISTO FROM FROST

#### Safety Data Sheet v19.0

## SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/ UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1 Product Identifier

Trade name: CALLISTO

Design code: A12739A

Product Registration Number: PCS 0654

Unique Formula Identifier (UFI): V1RK-XD99-1000-VQCK

## 1.2 Relevant Identified Uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Herbicide

Recommended restrictions on use: professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: Syngenta Ireland Limited, Block 6 Cleaboy Business Park. Old Kilmeaden Road.

Waterford Ireland

Telephone (051) 377203

Telefax (051) 354748

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS; cropsales.ie@svngenta.com

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number: Syngenta +44 1484 538444

Poisons Information Centre of Ireland

Members of Public: +353 (1) 809 2166. (8.00 a.m. to 10.00 p.m. 7 days a week)

Healthcare Professionals: +353 (1) 809 2566 (24-hour service)

## SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Eye irritation, Category 2 - H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Reproductive toxicity. Category 2 - H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard. Category 1 - H400; Very toxic to aquatic life.

Long-term (chronic) aguatic hazard. Category 1 - H410: Very toxic to aguatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2 Label elements

## Lobelling (DECLIL ATION (EC) No 1979/2009)

Labelling (TLC	5241161 (26) NO 1272/2006)
Hazard pictograms	
Signal Word	Warning

Hazard Statements	H319 H361d H373 H410	Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs (Eyes, Nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary Statements	P201 P260 P280 P308+P313 P305+P351 +P338 P337+P313 P391 P405 P501	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe dust' fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Collect spillage. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean triple rinsed containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

## Additional Labelling

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use. 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPyB) at levels of 0.1% or higher. Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher. Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# SECTION 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS 3.2 Mixtures

## Components

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.		(% w/w)
	Index-No.		
	Registration number		
alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich,	78330-20-8	Acute Tox. 4; H302	>= 20 - < 30
ethoxylated		Eye Dam. 1; H318	
mesotrione (ISO)	104206-82-8	Repr. 2; H361d	>= 3 - < 10
		STOT RE 2; H373 (Nervous system, Eyes)	
	609-064-00-X	Aquatic Acute 1; H400	
		Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	
		M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1010	
		M-Factor (Chronicaquatic toxicity): 1010	

mesotrione (ISO)

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.		(% w/w)
	Index-No.		, ,
	Registration number		
Octan-1-ol	111-87-5	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 2.5 - < 10
	203-917-6	Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	
	01-2119486978-10-		
	XXXX		
phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	Met. Corr. 1; H290	>= 1 - < 3
	231-633-2	Acute Tox. 4; H302	
	015-011-00-6	Skin Corr. 1B; H314	
	01-2119485924-24-	Eye Dam. 1; H318	
	XXXX	specific concentration limit	
		Skin Corr. 1B; H314	
		>= 25 %	
		Skin Irrit. 2; H315	
		>= 10 - < 25 %	
		Eye Irrit. 2; H319	
		>= 10 - < 25 %	
		Acute toxicity estimate	
		Acute oral toxicity: 301 mg/kg	
Substances with a workplace	exposure limit :		
silica	7631-86-9	V. V.	>= 1 - < 10
	231-545-4	<b>A A O O</b>	
	01-2119379499-16-	<i>Y</i> , <i>O</i>	
	XXXX		

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

## SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

**General advice**: Have the product container, label or Safety Data Sheet with you when calling the emergency number, a poison control center or physician, or going for treatment.

If inhaled: Move the victim to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. In case of skin contact: Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. In case of eye contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is required.

If swallowed: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting.

## 4.2 Most Important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: Nonspecific. No symptoms known or expected.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treatment: There is no specific antidote available. Treat symptomatically.

#### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media - small fires

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

#### Extinguishing media - large fires

Alcohol-resistant foam or Water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting: As the product contains combustible organic components, fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion (see section 10). Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

## 5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

## **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

## 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermieulité) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Clean with detergents. Avoid solvents. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal considerations see section 13., Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

## SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling: No special protective measures against fire required. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. For personal protection see section 8.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers: No special storage conditions required. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal reeding stuffs.

Further information on storage stability. Physically and chemically stable for at least 2 years when stored in the original unopened sales container at ambient temperatures.

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s): For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the approval conditions laid down on the product label.

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1 Control parameters

## **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
mesotrione (ISO)	104206-82-8	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Syngenta
silica	7631-86-9	TWA (Respirable dust)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2004/37/EC
	Further information: Carcinogens or mutagens			
		OELV - 8 hrs (TWA) (Respirable dust)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Silica)	IE OEL

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis	
	Further information: Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three the long-term exposure limit should be used.				
	uic long term t				
		(TWA) (Respirable dust)	(Silica)	IE OEL	
	Further informa	ation: Where no specific short-	term exposure limit is liste	d, a figure three times	
	the long-term	exposure limit should be used.			
		OELV - 8 hrs	6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IE OEL	
		(TWA) (Inhalable dust)	(Silica)		
	Further information: Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three time: the long-term exposure limit should be used.				
phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2000/39/EC	
	Further information: Indicative				
		STEL	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2000/39/EC	
	Further information: Indicative				
		OELV - 8 hrs (TWA)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IE OEL	
		OELV - 15 min (STEL)	2 mg/m³	IE OEL	

## Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
octan-1-ol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	176 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	106 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	50 mg/kg
	Workers	Dermal	Long-term local effects	0.19 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	43.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Consumers	0ral	Long-term systemic effects	12.5 mg/kg
	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term local effects	0.067 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>
	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	25 mg/kg
phosphoric acid	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	10.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	0.36 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	4.57 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

## Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	<b>Environmental Compartment</b>	Value
sorbitan, monododecanoate, poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivs.	Fresh water	0.2 mg/l
	Marine water	0.02 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	1.141 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
	Marine sediment	1000 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
octan-1-ol	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l
	Marine water	0.01 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	1.6 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0.16 mg/kg
	Soil	0.26 mg/kg

## 8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering Measures: Containment and/or segregation is the most reliable technical protection measure if exposure cannot be eliminated. The extent of these protection measures depends on the actual risks in use. Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards. Where necessary, seek additional occupational hygiene advice.

## Personal protective equipment

**Eve protection:** Tightly fitting safety goggles. Always wear eye protection when the potential for inadvertent eve contact with the product cannot be excluded. Equipment should conform to EN 166 Hand protection

Remarks: No special protective equipment required.

Skin and body protection: No special protective equipment required. Select skin and body protection based on the physical job requirements.

Respiratory protection: No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required. When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Protective measures: The use of technical measures should always have priority over the use of personal protective equipment. When selecting personal protective equipment, seek appropriate professional advice.

## Environmental exposure controls

Water: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

## SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: liquid

Colour: vellow brown to brown

Odour: like octanol

Odour Threshold: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: < -5 °C

Initial boiling point and boiling range: Flammability: No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available

Flash point: Method: Pensky-Martens closed cup, does not flash

Auto-ignition temperature: 420 °C

Decomposition temperature: No data available

pH: 2 - 6 (20 °C), Concentration: 1 z%w/v

Viscosity, dynamic: 1,990 mPa.s (20 °C), 1,060 mPa.s (40 °C)

Viscosity, kinematic: No data available

Water solubility: No data available

Solubility in other solvents: No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: No data available

Vapour pressure: No data available

Density: 1.09 a/cm3 (25 °C)

Relative vapour density: No data available

Particle characteristics

Particle size: No data available

## 9.2 Other information

Explosives: Not explosive

Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Evaporation rate: No data available

Surface tension: 29.1 mN/m, 1 % w/v, 21 °C

#### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

None reasonably foreseeable.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: No decomposition if used as directed.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : None known.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure: Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin contact, Eye contact

Acute toxicity Product:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat. female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Components:

alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich, ethoxylated:

Acute oral toxicity: Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after single ingestion

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity mesotrione (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 4,75 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

octan-1-ol:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

phosphoric acid:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 301 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): 2,750 mg/kg

silica:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.01 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

## Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Components:

alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich, ethoxylated:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation mesotrione (ISO):
Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation
phosphoric acid:

Result: Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure

Result : Corro

Species : Rabbit Result : No skin irritation

Serious eve damage/eve irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit Result : Eye irritation

Components:

alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich, ethoxylated;

Species : Rabbit

Result : Risk of serious damage to eyes

mesotrione (ISO): Species : Rabbit Result : No eve irritation

octan-1-ol: Species : Rabbit

Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 2 silica:

Species : Rabbit Result : No eve irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Test Type : Buehler Test Species : Guinea pig

Result: Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals

Components:

alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich, ethoxylated:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Risk of serious damage to eyes.

mesotrione (ISO): Species : Guinea pig

Result: Does not cause skin sensitisation

octan-1-ol:

Species: Guinea pig

Result: Does not cause skin sensitisation

silica:

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Species: Mouse

Result: Not a skin sensitizer Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich, ethoxylated:

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment: Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects

mesotrione (ISO):

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment: Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects octan-1-ol:

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment: Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects

phosphoric acid:

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment: In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

silica:

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment: Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects

Carcinogenicity

Components:

mesotrione (ISO):

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects

octan-1-ol:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich, ethoxylated:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: No toxicity to reproduction

mesotrione (ISO):

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility

octan-1-ol:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: No toxicity to reproduction phosphoric acid:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: No toxicity to reproduction STOT - single exposure

Components:

alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich, ethoxylated:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure

octan-1-ol:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

alcohols, C9-11-iso-, C10-rich, ethoxylated:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated

exposure

mesotrione (ISO):

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure

octan-1-ol:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure

silica:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure

## 11.2 Information on other hazards Endocrine disrupting properties

## Product:

Assessment: The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION 12.1 Toxicity

## Product:

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): 71 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 49 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

EC10 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 5.8 mg/l End point: Growth rate

Exposure time: 96 h

NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 10 mg/l

End point: Growth rate

Exposure time: 96 h ErC50 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)): 0.279 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

EC10 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)): 0.023 mg/l

End point: Growth rate

Exposure time: 7 d

NOEC (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)): 0.011 mg/l End point: Growth rate

Exposure time: 7 d

Very toxic to aquatic life.

## Ecotoxicology Assessment Acute aquatic toxicity:

Components: mesotrione (ISO): Toxicity to fish:

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 120 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 97.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 900 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 12 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 0.75 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 96 h

ErC50 (*Lemna gibba* (gibbous duckweed)): 0.0301 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d

EXPOSURE time: 7 d EC10 (Lemna gibba (gibbous duckweed)): 0.00187 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 7 d

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC: 12.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 36 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

NOEC: 180 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10

octan-1-ol:

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 13.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 20 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 14 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

(Chronic toxicity): NOEC: 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

. Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 3 - 3.25 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Chronic aquatic toxicity: This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability Components:

mesotrione (ISO):

Stability in water : Degradation half life: > 30 d (25 °C)

Remarks: Persistent in water. octan-1-ol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential Components:

mesotrione (ISO):

Bioaccumulation: Remarks: Low bioaccumulation potential.

12.4 Mobility in soil

mesotrione (ISO):

Distribution among environmental compartments: Remarks: Highly mobile in soils.

Stability in soil: Dissipation time: 6 - 105 d Percentage dissipation: 50 % (DT50) Remarks: Product is not persistent.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment: This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bloaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bloaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Components:

mesotrione (ISO):

Assessment: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

#### octan-1-ol:

Assessment: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

## phosphoric acid:

Assessment: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

## Product:

Assessment: The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available

#### SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product:** Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging: Empty remaining contents. Triple rinse containers. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers. Waste Code: uncleaned packagings. 15 01 10, packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## 14.1 UN Number:

ADR: UN 3082 RID: UN 3082 IMDG: UN 3082 IATA: UN 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR: ENVIRONMENȚALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (MESOTRIONE)
RID: ENVIRONMENȚALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (MESOTRIONE)
BOXIRONMENȚALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (MESOTRIONE)
ENVIRONMENȚALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (MESOTRIONE)

IATA: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (MESOTRIONE)

## 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR: 9
RID: 9
IMDG: 9
IATA: 9

## 14.4 Packing group

#### ADR

Packing group: III
Classification Code: M6

Hazard Identification Number : 90

Labels · 9

Tunnel restriction code: (-)

Remarks: This product can be subject to exemptions when packaged in single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids, or having a net mass of 5 kg or less for solids.

#### RID

Packing group : III Classification Code : M6

Hazard Identification Number: 90

Lahels · 9

Remarks: This product can be subject to exemptions when packaged in single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids, or having a net mass of 5 kg or less for solids.

IMDG

Packing group: III Labels 9

FmS Code : F-A S-F

Remarks: This product can be subject to exemptions when packaged in single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids, or having a net mass of 5 kg or less for solids.

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964

Packing instruction (LQ): Y964

Packing group: III

Labels: Miscellaneous

Remarks: This product can be subject to exemptions when packaged in single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids, or having a net mass of 5 kg or less for solids.

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964

Packing instruction (LQ): Y964

Packing group: III

Labels: Miscellaneous

Remarks: This product can be subject to exemptions when packaged in single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids, or having a net mass of 5 kg or less for solids.

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR

Environmentally hazardous : yes

Environmentally hazardous : V

IMDG

Marine pollutant : ves

IATA (Passenger)

Environmentally hazardous : ves

IATA (Cargo)

Environmentally hazardous : ves 14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII); Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 3, xvlene, acetonitrile, triethylamine

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).: Not

applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer: Not applicable

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (recast): Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals: Not applicable

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV): Not applicable

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

E1 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

## Other regulations:

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work.

Use plant protection products safely. Always read the label and product information before use. Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not required for this substance when it is used in the specified applications.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

## **Full text of H-Statements**

H290: May be corrosive to metals.

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damag

H318: Causes serious eye damage. H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute: Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Aquatic Chronic: Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage

Eve Irrit.: Eve irritation

Met. Corr.: Corrosive to metals Repr.: Reproductive toxicity Skin Corr.: Skin corrosion

STOT RE: Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

2000/39/EC: Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first

list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

2004/37/EC: Europe. Directive 2004/37/EC on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens or mutagens at work

IE OEL: Ireland. List of Chemical Agents and Occupational Exposure Limit Values - Schedule 1

Syngenta: Syngenta Occupational Exposure Limit 2000/39/EC / TWA: Limit Value - eight hours

2000/39/EC / STEL : Short term exposure limit 2004/37/EC / TWA : Long term exposure limit

IE OEL / OELV - 8 hrs (TWA) : Occupational exposure limit value (8-hour reference period)

IE OEL / OELV - 15 min (STEL): Occupational exposure limit value (15-minute reference period) Syngenta / TWA: Time weighted average

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways: ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road: AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances: ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation: DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada): ECHA - European Chemicals Agency: EC-Number - European Community number: ECx - Concentration associated with x% response: ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response: EmS - Emergency Schedule: ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan): ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System: GLP - Good Laboratory Practice: IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer: IATA -International Air Transport Association: IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk: IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration: ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory: LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population: LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose): MARPOL -International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified: NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration: NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level: NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate: NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development: OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention: PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances: (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship: REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals: RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature, SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory: TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances: TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

## **Further information**

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Based on product data or assessment Repr. 2 H361d Calculation method

Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Based on product data or assessment

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Based on product data or assessment

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.